Appendix 2 - Corporate Risk Register

		Inherent Risk						Residual Risk				Ac	tions		
Risk No.	Risk Description and Theme	Cause	Effect	Owner	Likelihood	Impact	Score & RAG	Key Controls	Likelihood	Impact	Score & RAG	Actions	Owner	Target Date	Action RAG
	CUSTOMER PERSPECTIVE														
A2	Cambridgeshire Trading Company and East Cambridgeshire Street Scene	The East Cambs Trading Company and East Cambridgeshire Street Scene Ltd do not deliver their	Failing to achieve corporate priorities and Medium Term Financial Strategy. Reputational risk.	D- CS	3	5	15 (A)	ECTC Business Plans, Articles of Association and Shareholder Agreement. Established Shareholder Committee arrangements.	2	4	8 (A)				
	Ltd.	business plans. Concerns over governance arrangements and segregation of duty.						Regular reporting to Shareholder Committee and full Council. Independent Chairperson.							
								Independent external audit review of accounts, and opportunity to commission ad-hoc advice if required.							
A3	Housing strategy, and the need for affordable housing.	Increase in homelessness driven by external factors such as Universal Credit and the Homelessness Reduction Act.	Failure to deliver the Council's commitment to 'genuine affordable' housing. Impact on the Council finance and resources.	D-O	4	5	20 (R)	Council Support Programme to Community Land Trusts. Community Led Development SPD. Frontline resources focussed on preventing homelessness. Council retained hostels.	2	3	9 (A)				
	FINANCE AND RESOURCES														
B1	Public sector funding	Uncertainty and changes in funding such as the withdrawal of Revenue Support Grant and 75% retention of business rates. Lack of opportunity to make further savings. Not maximising the opportunities from the Combined Authority deal.	Failure to achieve budgets savings leading up to 2019/20 and undermining the revised Medium Term Financial Strategy.	FM	3	5	15 (A)	Agreed Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) to become self-sufficient. The draft MTFS was reported to the Resources and Finance Committee on 29 th January 2018, showing a balanced budget for 2018-19 and 2019-20. Budget Monitoring through Management Team and relevant Committees. Partnership working (principally with the Combined Authority) and ongoing consideration of potential opportunities linked to the key ambitions. Strong leadership from members and officers.	3	4	12 (A)	Work progressing to meet the budget deficit projected for 2020/21. This will be reported to the Resources and Finance Committee.	FM	January 2019	G

		Inherent Risk						Residual Risk Actions							
Risk No.	Risk Description and Theme	Cause	Effect	Owner	Likelihood	Impact	Score & RAG	Key Controls	Likelihood	Impact	Score & RAG	Actions	Owner	Target Date	Action RAG
B2	Development and planning income.	The viability and delivery of residential and commercial development. Changes in legislation such as the review of Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL).	Council failing to deliver its growth trajectory and not generating projected CIL income.	D- CS	3	4	12 (A)	New Local Plan Ongoing Service Plan reviews CIL Implementation CLT support programme Business Plan (Property)	3	4	12 (A)	Monitor and respond to the outcomes of the Government review on CIL.	ISM	Ongoing	G
	PROCESSES AND SYSTEMS														
C1	Emergency planning and business continuity. The Council delivers a range of complex services which may be effected by an emergency.	Major civil emergency potentially due to: • Loss of access to premises • Severe weather events • Fuel shortages • Communications failure • Pandemics • Loss of power • Terrorist events • Supply chain failure	Inability to access key staff or resources resulting in reduced ability to deliver services. Increased requests for Council resources and services Health and safety impact on staff and vulnerable residents Damage to Council property and impact on residents Reputation damage	CEX	3	5	15 (A)	Business Continuity Plan (BCP) updated. Business Continuity Training and exercises. Member's handbook. Emergency Management Plan with supporting plans for specific activities e.g. rest centres. Rest Centre plans reviewed by National Resilience Forum. Registration process and template forms aligned to other Councils so they can mutually assist each other as responders.	3	2	6 (A)	Officer training to be delivered	HS M	Dec 18	G
C2	Managing information security, resilience, plus having an IT Strategy for continuous improvement.	ICT systems abuse, intrusion or failure. Under investment in IT infrastructure and lack resource to implement change. Employees not having the right tools for the job to work efficiently.	Business interruption resulting in reduced ability to deliver services. Not prepared for disaster recovery. Non-compliance with legislation, resulting in financial penalties up to £0.5m and reputational risk. Inefficient working.	D-O	3	4	12 (A)	ICT Service redesign and restructure. ICT Disaster Recovery Plan. System and Penetration testing regime. ICT Security Policy. Government Connect and Public Sector Network compliance.	2	4	8 (A)	Development of ICT Disaster Recovery Plan to be considered as part of ICT project plan To engage with cyber crime unit at the police for 'stress test' session and training	D-0 MT	Sept 18 Oct 18	G

		Inherent Risk						Residual Risk				Act	ions		
Risk No.	Risk Description and Theme	Cause	Effect	Owner	Likelihood	Impact	Score & RAG	Key Controls	Likelihood	Impact	Score & RAG	Actions	Owner	Target Date	Action RAG
С3	Non-compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements.	Changes in legislation from Central Government, Europe, or Professional bodies can impact many areas, e.g: • health and safety, • equalities, • safeguarding, • environmental legislation, • employment law.	Financial penalties for non- compliance. Reputational risk.	МТ	4	3	12 (A)	Monitoring changes to legislation that impacts the Council. Topical examples include H&S sentencing guidelines, and earlier closedown of accounts. Procedural changes and training is delivered as required. Safeguarding policy in place and refreshed in 2017/18. Safeguarding leads nominated and all staff have received safeguarding training.	2	3	6 (A)				
C4	Managing compliance with the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) and Data Protection Act.	New legislation from Central Government and Europe.	ICO warnings, bans on processing data, fines. Compensation claims and reputational damage.	LSM	3	5	15 (A)	Information Officer post created. All Council staff briefed. Key (public facing) stages completed for GDPR introduction in May 2018, continued compliance in place via action plan.	2	5	10 (A)	Continue working towards full compliance via action plan	LS M	March 2019	G
C5	Payroll and HR system not meeting the needs of the whole organisation	Midland HR do not meet our service requirements.	Salaries are not paid correctly to employees Pensions and subsequent pension reports are not completed properly for HMRC and LGSS	PM O	3	5	15 (A)	Regular communication with Midland HR Effective communication between HR and payroll Service Level Agreement to be adhered to	2	5	5 (A)				
C6	Failure of corporate governance and counter fraud and corruption controls	Attempts at fraud and corruption from internal or external sources are successful due to inadequate corporate governance and counter fraud controls.	Financial losses and reputational damage. Impact on service delivery.	MT	3	3	9 (A)	Counter fraud training for officers as part of induction process. Gifts and hospitality registers. Counter fraud and ethical governance policies and procedures. Internal control framework including segregation of duties and authorisations. Reviewed annually for Annual Governance Statement.	2	3	6 (A)	To participate in, and promote, International Fraud Awareness Week with internal comms.	FM	Nov 2018	G

		Inherent Risk						Residual Risk				Act	tions		
Risk No.	Risk Description and Theme	Cause	Effect	Owner	Likelihood	Impact	Score & RAG	Key Controls	Likelihood	Impact	Score & RAG	Actions	Owner	Target Date	Action RAG
	LEARNING AND GROWTH														
D1	Workforce development	The restructuring of management and departments of the Council to deliver medium term savings and achieve the 'New Council' and	Adverse impact on the Council's ability to deliver corporate and service objectives.	CEX	2	4	8 (A)	Effective implementation of Service Delivery Plans and performance management Management Development training has	2	3	6 (A)				
		'New Organisation' are not implemented effectively.	Staff turnover and recruitment costs.					been delivered to Service Leads. The Council is also investing further in training to Services Officers and investing in career and professional training to develop talent in house.							
D2	Strategic development	Following a recent public inquiry, the Planning Inspectorate has determined the Council is unable to demonstrate a five-year supply	Planning applications can only be refused if the adverse impacts significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits of the proposal, in	D- CS	5	5	25 (R)	The Council has developed a new Local Plan which was delivered to the Council in October 2017. The Local Plan is at currently at examination stage. Adoption is likely towards end of 2018.	2	4	12 (A)				
		of housing land.	accordance with the presumption in favour of the sustainable development.					Partnership Agreement with Peterborough City Council.							
								The Council is seeking independent advice relating to the Inspectors decision.							
D8	Difficulties with staff recruitment and retention – leading to lack	Lack of staff resources in terms of numbers due to high	A shortage of staff in roles across the Council and a loss	МТ	4	3	12	Job description questionnaire (JDQ) exercise	4	2	8				
	of resources	turnover or failed recruitment exercises.	of knowledge and skills, could lead to service failure, which could result in an increased level of complaints, poor					Investment in training and up-skilling existing staff							
		Lack of staff resources in terms of knowledge, skills and behaviours due to poor staff retention.	reputation and financial penalties from breaches in legislation or failure to follow rules, procedures and meet deadlines.												

Corporate Priorities:

- 1 Delivering a Financially Sound and Well Managed Council
- 2 Genuinely Affordable Housing
- 3 A Fantastic Place to Live
- 4 Improving Local Transport
- 5 Improving Infrastructure
- 6 New Jobs and Funding

Key t	o risk owners (above):
CEX	Chief Executive
D-O	Director, Operations
D-CS	Director, Commercial Services
FM	Finance Manager and S151 Officer
LSM	Legal Services Manager and Monitoring Officer
ISM	Infrastructure and Strategy Manager
HSM	Health & Safety Manager
HRM	Human Resources Manager
PMO	Performance Management Officer
MT	Management Team

Appendix 3 - Corporate Risk Register Heat Map

	Very High	5		C5, C4			
	High	4		A2, C2, D2, D8	B1, B2		
Impact	Medium	3		A3, C3, C6, D1			
-	Low	2			C1		
	Negligible	1					
			1	2	3	4	5
			Very rare	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Very Likely
					Likelihood		

Summary of Residual Scores for Corporate Risks

Red scores – in excess of the Council's risk appetite. Action is needed to redress, with regular monitoring. In exceptional circumstances residual risk in excess of the risk appetite can be approved if it is agreed that it is impractical or impossible to reduce the risk level below 16. Such risks should be escalated through the management reporting line to Corporate Management Team, Resources and Finance Committee and Council.

Amber scores - likely to cause the Council some difficulties (risk score 5 to 15) - six monthly monitoring

Green scores (risk score 1 to 4) - low risk, monitor as necessary

Code	Title								
A2	Trading company								
A3	Housing								
B1	Public sector funding								
B2	Development								
C1	Emergency Planning								
C2	Information security								
C3	Non-compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements.								
C4	General Data Protection Regulations								
C5	Payroll system								
C6	Corporate governance and counter fraud and corruption controls								
D1	Workforce development								
D2	Strategic development								
D8	Staff recruitment and retention								