

# Local government audit committee briefing

### Contents at a glance

#### Government and economic news

#### Accounting, auditing and governance

#### Regulation news

#### Key questions for the audit committee

#### Find out more

This sector briefing is one of the ways that we see as supporting you and your organisation in an environment that is constantly changing and evolving.

It covers issues which may have an impact on your organisation, the local government sector and the audits that we undertake.

The public sector audit specialists in EY's national Government and Public Sector (GPS) team have extensive public sector knowledge which is supported by the wider expertise across EY's UK and international business. This briefing reflects this, bringing together not only

technical issues relevant to the local government sector but wider matters of potential interest to you and your organisation.

Links to where you can find out more on any of the articles featured can be found at the end of the briefing, as well as some examples of areas where EY can provide support to Local Authorities.

We hope that you find the briefing informative and should this raise any issues that you would like to discuss further please do contact your local engagement team.



# Government and economic news

---

## EY Item Club forecast

In its latest quarterly forecast (Winter) the EY Item Club highlights that what it terms the UK consumer's "holiday" from inflation and austerity in 2015 is expected to continue well into 2016, aided by the sharp fall in oil and other commodity prices, and the Chancellor's change of heart on working tax credits.

Whilst the global situation is clearly fragile, the UK is seen to be well placed to ride out the storms. Growth is expected to increase from the revised 2.2% in 2015 to 2.6% this year, being supported by low inflation and interest rates. The CPI is forecast to increase by just 0.7% and they do not expect the Bank of England Monetary Policy Committee to increase bank rate until late in the year.

Looking further forward, the forecast is for inflation and austerity to return, with GDP growth of 2.3% in 2017 and 2.2% in 2018 and consumer spending growth dropping from 2.8% in 2016 of 2.1% in 2017 and 1.7% in 2018. Highlighted as impacting on this are the increasing taxes and levies on consumers and companies, and the roll-out of Universal Credit (which will claw back this Autumn's concessions to low earners). Inflation is expected to increase to 1.8% by 2018, remaining below the MPC target until 2019.

Continuing uncertainty over the EU Referendum could potentially hit business investment this year, as businesses wait to see the result, but momentum in the UK and other economies is seen as supporting capital spending this year.

## Local Government Devolution

Towards the end of 2015, Birmingham and Liverpool each agreed devolution deals with Treasury which gives them control over infrastructure investment, transport and skills. This brings the total of devolution deals to 6:

- ▶ Birmingham
- ▶ Liverpool
- ▶ Greater Manchester
- ▶ Sheffield
- ▶ North East
- ▶ Tees Valley

Each area will need to elect a metro mayor, with elections expected to take place in 2017.

For Birmingham, £1.2bn of government investment is anticipated over the next 30 years, and for Liverpool the expectation is £30mn per year over the next three decades.

Read the government announcements in full at <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/historic-devolution-deal-to-power-the-midlands-engine> and <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/liverpool-devolution-deal-boosts-the-northern-powerhouse>.



## Government and economic news

---

### Spending Review 2015

Some headlines from the Spending Review 2015 include:

- ▶ The intention to be running a £10bn surplus by 2019/20.
- ▶ Tax credit taper rates and thresholds will remain unchanged.
- ▶ Council tax increases of 2% to support social care will be permitted. Local Police and Crime Commissioners will have the power to increase their share of council tax by 2% from April 2016.
- ▶ From 2020, local government will retain 100% of business rates collected. The system of top ups and tariffs redistributing revenues between local authorities will be retained. The uniform rate will be abolished; allowing local areas to cut business rates if they choose to do so in order to win new jobs and generate wealth.
- ▶ Police and schools funding will be protected in line with inflation.

Read more at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/topical-events/autumn-statement-and-spending-review-2015>

The Government has also consulted on the 2016-17 settlement. Further details available at [https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/486730/Provisional\\_settlement\\_consultation\\_document.pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/486730/Provisional_settlement_consultation_document.pdf).

### Consultation: New Homes Bonus

In 2011 the New Homes Bonus was introduced to incentivise local authorities to encourage housing growth in their areas. Since 2011, £3.4bn has been allocated to support the delivery of 700,000 new homes and the return of 100,000 long term empty homes to use.

The Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG) has released a consultation which seeks views on potential changes to the New Homes Bonus. The changes are intended to “better reflect authorities’ delivery of new housing”. Other proposed changes include introducing a reduction to the number of years in which current and future payments are made, from six years to four years.

See full details of the consultation as well as methods for responding at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/new-homes-bonus-sharpening-the-incentive-technical-consultation>

The deadline for response is 10th March 2016.





## Government and economic news

---

### Local Authority Revenue Expenditure and Financing

During November 2015, statistics for 2014-15 on revenue expenditure and financing with local government were released by the Department for Communities and Local Government.

Some highlights include:

Total revenue expenditure by local authorities in England reduced by 0.5% in 2014-15, from £96.4bn in 2013-14 to £95.9bn, however, excluding spend on Education (30.7% of total net current expenditure) there was an increase of 1.5% from £60.5bn in 2013-14 to £61.5bn.

Net current expenditure on education saw the largest decrease, which was largely driven by schools achieving academy status and therefore receiving central expenditure, and by the reclassification of some services to Children and Families Social Care services (which saw a £1.2bn increase for this reason).

Local Authorities added £0.9bn to reserves in 2014-15 as compared to £2.4bn in 2013-14. This takes total reserves to £22.5bn and means that the last 15 years has seen a significant increase in the amount held by local authorities in non-ringfenced reserves. Communities Secretary Greg Clark has noted this increase and said:

“With local government accounting for a quarter of all public spending, it is right that they are called on to play their part in dealing with the deficit.

Today’s figures show how they are well placed to do so, with local authorities holding £22.5bn held in non-ringfenced reserves – up 170% in real terms over the last 15 years.

As we continue to secure our country’s economic future and cut the deficit, now is the time to make efficient use of their assets and resources to provide the services local people want to see.”

Public Finance has published an article available at <http://www.publicfinance.co.uk/news/2015/11/mounting-reserves-leave-councils-well-placed-make-cuts-says-clark>, and the full publication is available at <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/local-authority-revenue-expenditure-and-financing-in-england-2014-to-2015-final-outturn>

### Response to flooding

The Bellwin scheme, which compensates eligible authorities for exceptional costs incurred in incidents like flooding, has been opened for councils affected by floods resulting from storms Desmond and Eva.

Authorities are eligible for costs under the scheme when they have spent more than 0.2% of their calculated annual revenue budgets on works.



## Government and economic news

---

Bellwin allows eligible authorities to apply to have 100% of their costs above threshold reimbursed by the government.

Eligible authorities include:

- ▶ Councils
- ▶ Policing bodies
- ▶ Fire and rescue authorities
- ▶ National Park authorities

For more information see <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/north-west-england-floods-2015-government-response>.

### Council Tax support

A review into the effectiveness of Council Tax support schemes across the country has been initiated, led by Member of Parliament, Eric Ollerenshaw, OBE.

Council Tax Benefit was reformed from 2013-14 to give councils the power to design their own schemes and align them to local needs. This review is intended to examine the implementation of this change and to consider whether or not this support should be part of the Universal Credit payments in the future.

Further details of the review are available at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/news/launch-of-review-into-council-tax-support>.

### Public sector exit payment recovery regulations

The government is consulting on draft regulations that will give effect to the powers enacted in the Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015. These regulations allow for the recovery of exit payments following the return of a high earner to the public sector within a year of their initial departure.

Changes made to the policy since the previous consultation include:

- ▶ The minimum earnings threshold for individuals subject to the recovery provisions has been lowered from £100,000 to £80,000
- ▶ The policy has been extended to include qualifying returns to any part of the public sector, rather than only to the same part of the public sector
- ▶ Introduction of a tapered recovery period for 12 months from the exit date
- ▶ Recovery will now include employer funded pension 'top up' payments made under the Local Government Pension Scheme.

Public sector organisations that are in scope and those that are proposed to be exempt are included in the draft regulations.

Following this consultation, the regulations will go through Parliamentary scrutiny, and the intention is that the policy will take effect from April 2016.

Read more at <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/government-calls-time-on-public-sector-parachute-payments-for-boomerang-bosses>.



# Accounting, auditing and governance

---

## Faster Close update

Since our think piece 'accelerating your financial close arrangements' in the summer – we have worked together with our clients to successfully deliver another round of financial statements audits.

We have seen again a number of our clients achieve the earlier 31 July deadline – three years ahead of schedule. Nationally, 5% of opinions were issued by 31 July for 2014-15.

At other clients, we have seen a shortening of the actual audit window as both preparers and auditors refine the operational timetable in readiness for 2017-18 audits.

The think piece set out some areas where preparers can hone their closedown plans and work with their auditors in the run up to the revised timetable. Discussions with clients around the country are showing encouraging signs that finance teams are already grasping the issue and working on solutions to enable them to prepare and submit draft financial statements and supporting working papers to the auditor by 31 May. Twenty-one percent of our clients have committed to this earlier target for the 2015-16 audits.

On our side, as a firm, we are reviewing how we can streamline our audit approach, to provide maximum ability to undertake early substantive testing across a Month 8-10 window, thereby reducing some pressure in the key June – July audit window. This may not work in all cases, because of the budget setting process, so other ways of streamlining the audit approach are also being developed.

In addition, we are addressing the resourcing challenge that this presents to audit firms, with a significant recruitment campaign to enable us to continue to deliver exceptional client service across the entire sector. This will require us to phase our audits, at both an interim and final audit stage to allow us greater flexibility in resource deployment and audit clients should be prepared to have bigger audit teams on site for shorter periods of time, as running all audits concurrently is not likely to be possible.

A key issue arising from our recent discussions is dealing with the governance processes at councils for receiving the auditor's report and approving the accounts. There are a wide range of approval processes in place at councils as a result of custom and practice over the years, and some are more streamlined than others.

Councils will need to review their governance processes for approving the accounts with a view to making it as simple as possible to ensure the maximum amount of the nine week window for audit can be used for audit procedures. Under the Account and Audit Regulations 2015, it is only the responsibility of the committee 'charged with governance' to approve the financial statements ahead of final certification by the s151 officer. Adding additional layers of approval through to Cabinet or Full Council slows down the governance process and potentially adds to the audit burden.

For 2014-15 audits, 8% of our clients had Audit Committee meetings scheduled before September for approval of the financial statements. For 2015-16, in several instances Audit Committee timetables have not yet been finalised, however, currently 7% of our client base has already confirmed that their Audit Committee timetable would enable accounts authorisation before September, with 4% scheduled before 31 July 2016.





# Accounting, auditing and governance

An effective Audit Committee is one which can appropriately scrutinise the financial statements and the auditor's results report prepared under International Standard on Auditing (UK&I) 260, and challenge officers about accounting policies and estimates in order to be able to approve the financial statements on behalf of the council.

Given the lead time for amending corporate governance processes, officers should review the approval arrangements, and schemes of delegation from Full Council, ensuring that the Audit Committee operates as effectively as possible and to the remit as set out by CIPFA in its guidance 'Audit Committees: Practical Guidance for Local Authorities and Police (2013 edition)'.

We are encouraged by the response of our clients to this challenge and the acceptance that it is a joint responsibility to achieve the faster close, and we will continue to work with you as we both prepare for the advanced deadlines.

For further information, please speak to a member of your engagement team.

## Value for Money guidance

The Local Audit & Accountability Act 2014 Section 20(1) requires that: 'In auditing the accounts of a relevant authority other than a health service body, a local auditor must, by examination of the accounts and otherwise, be satisfied ... (c) that the authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources'.

The Act is implemented through the National Audit Office's 2015 Audit Code of Practice (the Code), which sets out what local auditors are required to do to fulfil their statutory responsibilities under the Act.

Paragraph 3.14 sets out that 'the auditor's work should be designed to provide the auditor with sufficient assurance to enable them to report as appropriate to audited bodies other than health service bodies, providing a conclusion that in all significant respects, the audited body has (or has not) put in place proper arrangements to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources for the relevant period'.

To support the Code, the NAO issues guidance to auditors. This is undertaken by preparing and publishing Auditor Guidance Notes (AGNs) which are publically available on its website. See <https://www.nao.org.uk/code-audit-practice/guidance-and-information-for-auditors/>

AGN 03 – Auditors' work on Value for Money Arrangements was published in November 2015 following a consultation period. It confirms the requirement is for auditors to issue a conclusion in respect of the single overall criterion that:

**"In all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people."**

To assist auditors the NAO provide three sub-criteria that are intended to guide auditors in reaching their overall judgement:

- ▶ Informed decision making
- ▶ Sustainable resource deployment
- ▶ Working with partners and other third parties

However, these are not separate and auditors are not required to reach a judgement against each one.

Underpinning these sub-criteria are the proper arrangements,



## Accounting, auditing and governance

---

which are aligned to the scope of arrangements that are already required to be put in place and reported on through documents such as the annual governance statement.

Auditors are required to undertake a risk assessment to identify any significant risks that, in the auditor's judgement, have the potential to cause the auditor to reach an inappropriate conclusion on the audited body's arrangements.

The Code defines 'significant' as follows: **"a matter is significant if, in the auditor's professional view, it is reasonable to conclude that the matter would be of interest to the audited body or the wider public. Significance has both qualitative and quantitative aspects."**

Where such a significant risk is identified, further audit work will be undertaken based on the auditor's professional judgement. If the auditor does not identify any significant risks, there is no requirement to carry out further work.

Full information on all of the above can be found within AGN 03. See <https://www.nao.org.uk/code-audit-practice/guidance-and-information-for-auditors/>

### New arrangements for the exercise of public rights

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (the Regulations) set out new arrangements for the exercise of public rights from 2015-16 onwards. In respect of principal bodies, paragraph 9(1) requires the responsible financial officer to commence the period for the exercise of public rights and to notify the local auditor of the date on which that period was commenced. This is a change to previous arrangements where the local auditor notified the audited body of the appointed date on or after which local government electors could exercise their rights.

Paragraph 9(2) is clear that the final approval of the statement of accounts by the authority prior to publication cannot take place until after the conclusion of the period for the exercise of public rights. For 2015-16, the thirty working day period for the exercise of public rights must include the first ten working days of July, this means that authorities will not be able to approve their audited accounts or publish before 15 July 2016.

Paragraph 14(1) states that any rights of objection, inspection and questioning of the local auditor conferred by sections 26 and 27 of the Act may only be exercised within a single period of 30 working days. In effect this paragraph brings the period in which an elector can question the auditor into the inspection period, rather than immediately following the inspection period as per the previous regulations. As a result of this, auditors are unable to issue their audit reports until the 30 day period has been concluded.

Read the regulations in full at <http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2015/234/regulation/2/made>.

### Consultation: HRA accounting

The Department for Communities and Local Government is consulting on directions to replace the Housing Revenue Account (Accounting Practices) Directions 2011, which will cease to have effect in relation to Housing Revenue Accounts of local housing authorities in England from 1 April 2016. DCLG describes the replacement directions as essentially technical changes in order to bring the accounting requirements in line with proper practices under international accounting standards. They specify information to be disclosed in the notes to the HRA.

See full details of the draft direction at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/housing-revenue-account-accounting-practices-directions-2015>





## Regulation news

---

### Report on the results of auditors' work 2014-15

Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) have published their first report showing the results of auditors' work for 2014-15 covering 509 principal bodies and 9,755 small bodies.

The report includes information on timeliness of reporting, as well as the outcomes of those reports.

- ▶ Auditors were able to issue an early opinion (by 31st July 2015) for 5% of principal bodies.
- ▶ The auditor was unable to issue an opinion by the statutory deadline of 30th September at 15 bodies (3%), compared to 2% in 2013-14.
- ▶ Consistent with 2013-14, no non-standard opinions were issued.
- ▶ 20 non-standard value for money opinions were issued, including 1 adverse conclusion, 18 except-for conclusions, and one report on matters arising.
- ▶ Ten value for money conclusions were outstanding at the time of publishing the report.

Read the report in full at:

<http://www.psa.co.uk/appointing-auditors/terms-of-appointment/reports-on-the-results-of-auditors-work/>



## Key questions for the audit committee

---

### **What questions should the Audit Committee ask itself?**

Have we considered our responses to the key government consultations that affect us, including New Homes Bonus and HRA Accounting Directions?

Have we formulated a response to support the review of Local Council Tax Support Schemes? How effective have our council tax support arrangements been since 2013-14?

Are we monitoring our progress against the revised timetable for closing the accounts from 2017-18 onwards?

Have we considered amending governance arrangements to streamline the approval of the financial statements?



## Find out more

---

### **Ey Item Club Summer 2015 forecast**

For details of the EY Item Club's latest forecast, see <http://www.ey.com/UK/en/Issues/Business-environment/Financial-markets-and-economy/ITEM---Forecast-headlines-and-projections>

### **Local Government Devolution**

Read the government announcements in full at <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/historic-devolution-deal-to-power-the-midlands-engine> and <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/liverpool-devolution-deal-boosts-the-northern-powerhouse>.

### **Spending Review 2015**

Read more at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/topical-events/autumn-statement-and-spending-review-2015>

### **Consultation: New Homes Bonus**

See full details of the consultation as well as methods for responding at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/new-homes-bonus-sharpening-the-incentive-technical-consultation>

### **Local Authority Revenue Expenditure and Financing**

The full publication is available at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/local-authority-revenue-expenditure-and-financing-in-england-2014-to-2015-final-outturn>

### **Response to flooding**

For more information see <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/north-west-england-floods-2015-government-response>.

### **Council Tax Support**

Further details of the review are available at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/news/launch-of-review-into-council-tax-support>.

### **Public Sector Exit Payment Recovery Regulations**

Read more at <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/government-calls-time-on-public-sector-parachute-payments-for-boomerang-bosses>

### **Faster Close update**

The original publication 'accelerating your financial close arrangements' can be accessed at [http://www.ey.com/Publication/vwLUAssets/EY\\_-\\_Accelerating\\_your\\_financial\\_close\\_arrangements/\\$FILE/EY-accelerating-your-financial-close-arrangements.pdf](http://www.ey.com/Publication/vwLUAssets/EY_-_Accelerating_your_financial_close_arrangements/$FILE/EY-accelerating-your-financial-close-arrangements.pdf)

For more information, please contact a member of your engagement team.

### **Value for Money guidance**

Full information on the new guidance can be found within AGN 03. See <https://www.nao.org.uk/code-audit-practice/guidance-and-information-for-auditors/>

### **New arrangements for the exercise of public rights**

Read the regulations in full at <http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2015/234/regulation/2/made>

### **Consultation: HRA accounting**

See full details of the draft direction at:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/housing-revenue-account-accounting-practices-directions-2015>

### **Report on the results of auditors' work 2014-15**

Read the report in full at:

<http://www.psaa.co.uk/appointing-auditors/terms-of-appointment/reports-on-the-results-of-auditors-work/>



#### About EY

EY is a global leader in assurance, tax, transaction and advisory services. The insights and quality services we deliver help build trust and confidence in the capital markets and in economies the world over. We develop outstanding leaders who team to deliver on our promises to all of our stakeholders. In so doing, we play a critical role in building a better working world for our people, for our clients and for our communities.

EY refers to the global organization, and may refer to one or more, of the member firms of Ernst & Young Global Limited, each of which is a separate legal entity. Ernst & Young Global Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, does not provide services to clients. For more information about our organization, please visit [ey.com](http://ey.com).

#### Ernst & Young LLP

The UK firm Ernst & Young LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales with registered number OC300001 and is a member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited.

Ernst & Young LLP, 1 More London Place, London, SE1 2AF.

© 2016 Ernst & Young LLP. Published in the UK.  
All Rights Reserved.

ED None

81480.indd (UK) 02/16. Artwork by Creative Services Group Design.

Information in this publication is intended to provide only a general outline of the subjects covered. It should neither be regarded as comprehensive nor sufficient for making decisions, nor should it be used in place of professional advice. Ernst & Young LLP accepts no responsibility for any loss arising from any action taken or not taken by anyone using this material.

[ey.com/uk](http://ey.com/uk)