Cambridgeshire Application Checklist

BIODIVERSITY CHECKLIST - SECTION 1: SPECIES					
PROTECTED SPECIES ¹		YES*	No		
Bats					
Has the site been surveyed for bats?					
Are there any structures on site which have the potential to sup	port roosting bats?				
Structures with high potential include all agricultural buildings, buildings with mines, ice houses, bridges, cliff faces with crevices and woodland.	weather boarding, tunnels,				
Are there any trees on the site which have the potential to support Trees with high potential to support roosting bats include old and veteran trecrevices. Where appropriate, foraging and commuting routes should be incompared to the commutation of the commutat					
Barn Owls					
Has the site been surveyed for barn owls?					
Is there any evidence of barn owls nesting on or near the site or areas on the development site? Barn owls often nest in farm buildings, dovecotes, hollow trees and a wide very require habitat which supports high number of small mammals (inc. parts).	ariety of derelict buildings.				
Breeding birds					
Has the site been surveyed for breeding birds?					
Will areas of hedgerow/scrub/woodland/trees or other features linesting birds be affected by the proposal?	ikely to be used by				
Badgers					
Has the site been surveyed for badgers?					
Is there any evidence of badgers on or near the application site?	?				
Are badgers commuting through the site to foraging areas? Badgers use a variety of habitats. Setts can be found in hedgerows, woodlar and brownfield land. Safe routes to foraging areas should be incorporated in					
Water Voles					
Has the site been surveyed for water voles?					
Is there suitable habitat for water voles on, or close to the applic Water voles use a variety of wetland habitats including rivers, ditches, lakes					
Otters					
Has the site been surveyed for otters?					
Is there suitable habitat for otters on, or close to the application	site?				
Otters use a variety of wetland habitats including rivers, ditches, lakes and si					
Great crested newts					
Has the site been surveyed for great crested newts?					
Is there suitable habitat for great crested newts on, or close to the Great crested newts are often recorded in ponds, reedbeds, ditches and minimal habitat used by newts is varied and includes semi-natural grassland, woodla and are often found in urban sites including gardens.					
Reptiles					
Has the site been surveyed for reptiles?					
Is there suitable habitat on the site for reptiles?					
Reptiles use a variety of habitats including rough grassland, heathland, allotments, scrub, brownfield sites, field margins and abandoned gardens.					
Other protected species#					
Has the site been surveyed for (Species name)	?		_		

Site Address/Application Reference Number:

Is there suitable habitat on the site for (Species name).....?

¹ A current list of protected species is available from the <u>Joint Nature Conservation Committee</u>. Please consult Natural England's <u>Standing Advice for Protected Species</u> for further information.

* If the answer to any of the above questions is 'Yes', then the survey report should be provided detailing the the population level at the site, the direct and indirect effects of the development upon that species, full de or compensation required and whether the impact is acceptable and/or licensable.		
OTHER SPECIES OF NATURE CONSERVATION INTEREST	YES	No
Does the application site support Species of Principal Importance ² (Priority Species) or Local Biodiversity Action Plan Species ³ ?		
If 'Yes' list species		
Where such species are present, the application should include details of the species, the significance and recommendations for mitigation and compensation		
BIODIVERSITY CHECKLIST – SECTION 2: HABITATS		
Does the application site support Habitats of Principal Importance ² or Local Biodiversity Action Plan Priority Habitats ³ ?		
Where such habitats are present on site, the application should include details of the habitat, the significance and recommendations for mitigation and compensation		
If 'Yes' list types of habitat		
TREES AND WOODLAND		
Has an arboricultural survey of the site been undertaken?		
Will areas of woodland/trees be affected by the proposal?		
Will areas of ancient woodland be affected by the proposal?		
Ancient Woodland can be identified via the Multi Agency Geographic Information for the Countryside (or MAGIC) website. Where the answer to the above is yes it may be possible for Cambridgeshire County Council's Ecology Officer to provide some initial advice with respect to if additional investigation is required and the scope required for this.		
If the answer above is yes has a copy of correspondence with Cambridgeshire County Council's Ecology Officer (and/or equivalent District Council officers) been included and/or supporting information with respect to trees/woodland been included with the application?		
Where supporting information is required this should normally include direct and indirect effects of the development upon trees/woodland, including Ancient Woodland, full details of any mitigation or compensation required and whether any residual impact is acceptable.		
BIODIVERSITY CHECKLIST - SECTION 3: BIODIVERSITY ENHANCEMENT		
Have details of biodiversity enhancements been included with the application?		

Details of Species and Habitats of Principal Importance (priority species / habitats) can be found on <u>Natural England's website</u>
 Details of Local Biodiversity Action Plan species & habitats can be found on the <u>Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Biodiversity</u> Partnership website

BIODIVERSITY CHECKLIST - SECTION 4: WILDLIFE SITES

NATIONALLY AND INTERNATIONALLY PROTECTED WILDLIFE SITES	YES	No
Is the application based inside the boundary of or within 2km of a nationally or internationally designated site (SSSI, SPA, SAC or Ramsar site) ⁴ .		
Natural England is the statutory advisor to the Planning Authority for Sites of National and International Importance. Nationally important sites are classified as Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI). International Sites are classified as: Special Areas of Conservation (SAC), Special Protection Areas (SPA), Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar sites).		
International sites are also underpinned by the national SSSI designation. It is possible for international sites to be designated as any or in some cases all of the above. Further information is available from Natural England website .		
If the answer above is yes has a copy of correspondence with Natural England been included and/or supporting information with respect to the Site of National/International Importance been included with the application? Where supporting information is required this should normally include direct and indirect effects of the development upon the Site, full details of any mitigation or compensation required and whether any residual impact is acceptable.		
LOCAL SITES		
Is the application next to or within a Local Site ⁵ ? Is within 250m of a Local Site? Alternatively, is the hydrology of the application site connected to the Local Site (e.g. upstream of the Local Site)? If yes, it may be possible for Cambridgeshire County Council's Ecology Officer and Wildlife Trust to provide		
some initial advice with respect to if additional investigation is required and the scope required for this.		
If the answer above is yes, has a copy of correspondence with Cambridgeshire County Council's Ecology Officer (and/or equivalent District Council officers) been included and/or supporting information with respect to Local Sites been included with the application? Where supporting information is required this should normally include direct and indirect effects of the		
development upon the Local Sites, full details of any mitigation or compensation required and whether any		

residual impact is acceptable.

⁴ The locations of national and international sites can be found on the <u>Multi Agency Geographic Information for the Countryside (or MAGIC) website</u> or the mapping which accompanies the Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Minerals and Waste Plan and District Council's Local Plans.

⁵ Details of Local Sites, including County Wildlife Sites, City Wildlife Sites and Local Geological Sites, can be requested from <u>Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Environmental Records Centre</u>.

BIODIVERSITY CHECKLIST - SECTION 2: MONITORING OF BIODIVERSITY AND GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

DEVELOPMENT SITE	YES	No
Is the development seeking to restore the site for nature conservation?		
Will the development require an Environment Impact Assessment?		
Is the development site over 1 hectare in size?		
If yes to any of the above questions, please complete the following question (pages 5 & 6):	ons & s	preadsheets
	YES	No
Will your proposal result in the net gain in Habitats of Principal Importance (Priority Habitat) or Local Biodiversity Action Plan Priority Habitats?		
Will your proposal result in the net gain in Green Infrastructure?		

				Proposed / approved scheme (square metres / linear metres)				
Priority habitat (Section 41 list for England)	Cambridgeshire & Peterborough BAP Habitat ⁶	Unit	Existing habitat (m² / linear metres)	Habitat lost	Habitat retained (current condition)	Habitat retained & enhanced	New habitat create	
Open mosaic habitats on previously developed land	Brownfield and Built	m ²						
Arable field margins	Arable Field Margins	m						
Lowland meadows	Neutral Grassland	m ²						
Lowland calcareous grassland	Lowland Chalk Grassland	m ²						
Lowland dry acid grassland	Acid Grassland and Heathland	m ²						
Lowland heathland	Acid Grassland and Heathland	m ²						
Hedgerows	<u>Hedgerows</u>	m ²						
Traditional orchards	Traditional Orchards	m ²						
Lowland mixed deciduous woodland	<u>Woodland</u>	m ²						
Wood-pasture and parkland	Veteran Trees and Parklands	m ²						
Wet woodland	Wet Woodland	m ²						
Coastal and floodplain grazing marsh	Floodplain and Grazing Marsh	m ²						
Reedbeds	<u>Reedbeds</u>	m ²						
Eutrophic standing waters	Ponds, Lakes and Standing Water	m ²						
Ponds	Ponds, Lakes and Standing Water	m ²						
Rivers	Rivers and Streams	m						
Lowland fens	<u>Fens</u>	m ²					·	
-	Fenland Drainage Ditches	m						
•	<u>Allotments</u>	m ²			<u> </u>			
-	Burial Grounds	m ²						
-	Managed Greenspaces	m ²						
		Total	m ² (+ m)	m ² (+ m)	m ² (+ m)	m ² (+ m)	m ² (+ m)	

⁶ IBAPs available at www.cpbiodiversity.org.uk

			Proposed / approved scheme (square metres / linear metres)				
Green Infrastructure (GI) types	Unit	Existing habitat (hectare / metres)	Habitat lost	Habitat retained (current condition)	Habitat retained & enhanced	New habitat create	
Street trees	No.						
Hedges	m ²						
Grassland	m ²						
Woodland	m ²						
Wetlands	m ²						
Pond	m ²						
Grass verge	m ²						
Gardens and parks (inc. cemetery & allotment)	m ²						
Green walls	m ²						
Green roofs	m ²						
Rivers & canals	m ²						
Areas created for sustainable urban drainage	m ²						
Rain gardens	m ²						
Other							
	Total	m ² (+ trees)					